

The Daily Gazetteer.

NUM. 222.

MONDAY, JULY 2, 1744.

Moscow, June 6.



It has been observ'd, that since the Arrival of Lord Tyrawley, and his Audience of the Empress, the Marquis de la Chetardie had long, and frequent Conferences with such of the Nobility and Persons of Distinction as he had a Friendship with; and it was likewise taken Notice of, that he dispatch'd a Courier, the very Evening after his Excellency's Audience, to Paris, and another to Hamburg, where he had the Command of considerable Sums of Money. It is now evident, that the Court had perfect Intelligence of all his Proceedings, as appears by his being order'd to depart this Capital in 24 Hours; and from the following Paper, transmitted to all her Imperial Majesty's Ministers at Foreign Courts.

Although the Marquis de la Chetardie, Brigadier of the French Armies, having resided here till the present Time, as a private Person, and without any publick Character, does not consequently deserve that Regard which is due, according to the Law of Nations, to the Ministers of Crowned Heads, in the Courts of Europe; nevertheless, her Imperial Majesty of all the Russias, hath ordered, that Mr. N. N. should be acquainted in a proper Manner, that the said Marquis, after his Return to the Imperial Court of Russia, instead of making suitable Returns to the Distinctions, which have been shewn him heretofore, and till this present Time (of which the Foreign Ministers have all been Eye-witnesses) and for which his Sentiments of Respect towards her Imperial Majesty, ought to have been redoubled, has so far forgot himself (certainly without the Orders of the King his Master, as not only to endeavour to corrupt the Fidelity of many Persons, and of the Clergy, to form a Party to himself, and to overthrow the Ministry, but has also gone so far, as to have written from hence many unworthy Things, which not only cannot be permitted any where, but which also cannot be submitted to by any Sovereign; as many of his Dispatches in Original, which this Court is in Possession of, do incontestably prove.

His Imperial Majesty notwithstanding, according to his natural Magnanimity, would not proceed with him, the Marquis de la Chetardie, according to his Gali, and after the Manner that his unexpected Behaviour deserved, and the Right it had given her over him; but generously forgetting her just Indignation, and that he is without any publick Character, and a private Person, hath ordered him to depart, without leaving his Body, in 24 Hours Time, from this Capital, and to quit the Empire as soon as possible.

To the rest, his Imperial Majesty being persuaded, that it is without the Orders, and contrary to the Intentions of the King, that the Marquis de la Chetardie should stay here in a Manner as rash as unusual for a stranger, hath not any Intention to diminish, the least in the World, the Friendship which subsists between his Majesty the King of France, for the Fault which one of his Subjects hath committed; but, on the contrary, she will always take a Pleasure in cultivating the Friendship more and more.'

Turin, June 10. Last Wednesday arrived a Messenger from Garelio, with Advice, that the Spaniards grew every Day stronger at Oniglio, Diano, and Port Maurier, having been join'd by 1500 Spanish Horse, which were camp'd about Oniglio. They have suffer'd considerable Skirmishes upon the Mountains there, and constantly harass'd by the Peasants of the Country. The 12th 200 Miquelets, and 300 Grenadiers, command'd by two Genoese Mountaineers, advanced under Hill of Grela, to seize that Post, and to surprize a Party of the Enemy, they repulsed and pursued them as Ulcedo. The Spaniards, in order to have their revenge, returned in great Numbers; but were again repulsed with more Loss, having had 50 of their Company killed, and 200 wounded; whereas our Militia had four killed, and eight wounded. On Thursday arrived another Messenger from Garelio, with Advice, that the Spaniards seemed inclined to abandon Oniglio: And yesterday Afternoon came in a Courier from Sivorgio, with the News that they had actually abandon'd it, and were returning by the Road of Nice. The same Courier added, that they had likewise abandon'd, with great precipitation, Dolce-Aqua, Peglia, Breglia, and Sospello.

This unexpected Revolution gives Cause to think, that the Spaniards, finding themselves too weak, have a Mind to rejoin the French who are in Dauphiny, in order to the Execution of their new Design of coming to attack us on the Sides of Coni and Chateau Dauphin. This Morning we have farther Advice, that two French Battalions, who had joined the Spaniards, were hastening their March to pass the Var at the same Time.

Milan, June 21. By an extraordinary Courier arrived To-day from Turin, with a Letter from Marquis d'Ormea to General Pallavicini, we are informed of the Advantages gained over the Spaniards in their Retreat from Oniglio. The Marquis de Sinfia, Commander of six Piedmontese Battalions, who were at Garelio and at Ormea, and who was in March to take Possession of some Posts, hearing of the Retreat of the Spaniards from Oniglio, made forced Marches in pursuit of them, and having come up with them, charged them with so much Bravery, that they finding themselves surprized, were soon put into Confusion; and 500 Militia, who very opportunely guarded the Piedmontese Mountains along the Road thro' which the Spaniards were obliged to make their Retreat, having taken them in Flank, greatly increased their Disorders; so that being pursued by the Marquis de Sinfia, and taken in Flank by the Militia, the whole Body, composed of 12 Battalions, of one Regiment of Dragoons, and of a Battalion of Miquelets, was totally defeated; one Part having been killed, and the other taken, with the Baggage, and very few having the good Fortune to escape. The Piedmontese have again enter'd Oniglio, with their Booty; and are re-possessing themselves of all the Posts in that Neighbourhood. The Enemy left in Oniglio and Dolce-Aqua 1500 Sacks of Flour, 400 Tents, 210 Barrels of Powder, and other Provisions and Ammunition. They have also abandoned at Ulcedo 237 of their Wounded.

Monday next the King will set out for Demont and Exilles. His heavy Baggage takes the Route of Chateau Dauphin; and the Duke of Savoy will make two Months Campaign with the King. Ten thousand Militia, and a Brigade of Regular Troops, are going to join M. de Corban, who commands on the side of Sivorgio, in the County of Nice.

Vienna, June 27. A Courier is arrived from Prince Lobkowitz with the disagreeable News, that a Cannon, wherein he had posted his most advanced Guard, upon the Extremity of the Mountain, which discovered, and, in a Manner, commanded the Enemy's Camp, had been surprized, and five or 600 Men killed or taken Prisoners. It is now supposed, that instead of attacking the Spaniards and Neapolitans at Velletri, Prince Lobkowitz will enter the Kingdom of Naples by Anagni; he having already two Detachments there, one of which, under the Command of Count Gorani, consists of 2000 Men, and was already advanced as far as Aquila.

Florence, June 16. By Letters of the 13th, from Prince Lobkowitz, received this Morning, we have Advice, that both Armies remained in the same Situation; but that, as a considerable Body of Licanians had join'd the Austrians, they were in Hopes of being soon able to undertake the Dislodging the Spaniards and Neapolitans, who had fortified themselves as much as possible in and about Velletri, where the King of Naples was in Person, with the Duke of Modena. That the Desertion from the Enemy's Army increases daily; and as most of their Provisions come by Sea from Naples, they were frequently reduced to great Want: That Colonel Soro and Count Gorani, with a considerable Detachment, were enter'd into Abruzzo, on the Side of Ascoli, and had penetrated as far as Aquila, where they published the Queen of Hungary's Manifest, and had been received with Acclamations by the Inhabitants; insomuch, that if they had been provided with Arms to distribute in those Provinces, they made no Doubt, that a general Insurrection would have ensued in Favour of the Queen of Hungary. From Bologna we are informed, that on the 7th and 8th instant, a Party of 100 Austrian Soldiers from Lombardy, escorting many Wagons with Regiments, &c. pass'd by that City for the Austria Army; and that on the 9th, 2000 Men, out of the Regiments of Vasquez, Sprecher, and Hussars, who landed lately at Fano, were on their March for the same Army. On the 9th, a Battalion of Piedmont from Modena, together with other Troops and Gunners from Placentia, began their March, by Order of the King of Sardinia, to the Camp at Cuneo; and Detachments out of the Militia were ordered to replace them.

The Hague, July 3. It was last Wednesday resolved by the States General, that the Body of Troops now under the Command of General Ginkel, and amounting to about 11 or 12,000 Men, should march immediately to join his Majesty.

and re-inforce the combined Army in Flanders; and the particular Troops of which that Body is composed, are to set forward without assembling or waiting for each other. As most of those Regiments are already advanced to Breda, and the neighbouring Towns, they will not have above six or eight Days March to the Army.

A. M. E. R. I. G. A.

Boston, April 30. By Capt. Bourne, from the Bay of Honduras, we are informed, that Capt. Fiske, of this Place, was attack'd and taken by a Spanish Privateer, just as he was entering the Bay, after a stout Engagement of several Hours, in which near 20 Spaniards were kill'd; Capt. Fiske was kill'd in the beginning of the Action; Capt. Bell, a Passenger on board, was dangerously wounded; and Capt. Richardson, the Owner, had a Shot thro' his Arm. They made them all Prisoners, some of whom were put ashore upon one of the Keys in the Bay; but Capt. Richardson, and the rest, were carried to Campeche.

Last Thursday in the Afternoon, a Youth under 20 Years of Age, an Apprentice to a Merchant in this Town, sat upon the Gallows for the Space of an Hour, with a Rope about his Neck, and afterwards received ten Stripes on his naked Back, pursuant to the Sentence passed upon him some Time before, for attempting to poison his Master, and several other Crimes.

H O M E P O R T S.

Deal, June 29. Wind S. W. Arrived the Friendship, Wright, and the Elizabeth, Kerton, both from Sunderland; and the Francis and Mary, Langdale, from Newcastle. Came down the Sea Horse, Isle, and the Adlington, Robinson, for Liverpool, and remains with the Outward-bound, as per last.

Deal, June 30. Wind S. W. Arrived the Success Man of War, and the Vulture and Salamander Privateers, all from Cruizing. The Salamander lost her Mast in a Squall of Wind off the Isle of Wight, and has sent a Prize to Dover.

Arrived
At Antigua, the Industry, Collinson, from Lancaster.

L O N D O N.

His Catholic Majesty has given the strongest Assurances to the Count de Thoring, Ambassador from the Emperor, that the Subsidies stipulated to the last mentioned Prince, during the Continuance of the present War, shall be regularly paid every Month.

The Marquis de Losenada having represented to the Catholic King, the Impossibility of making such large Remittances as have been directed, for the Use of the Armies in Italy, his Majesty is resolved to demand a Free Gift from the Clergy of Spain, which is practised in France, and other Countries.

His Catholic Majesty has lately made a grand Promotion of Military Officers, in hopes of putting a Stop, thereby, to the repeated Applications from the Nobility who serve in the Army of the Infant Don Philip, for Leave to resign.

According to private Letters from Paris, the Count de Maurepas has entirely failed in his intended Negotiation with the King of Sardinia; that Monarch having rejected the Terms offered him, with the utmost Contempt possible.

The same Letters say, that his most Christian Majesty having given Orders for releasing some Dutch Troops, that were taken without the Town of Ypres, before the Siege was commenc'd, has since countermanded those Orders, and directed those Troops to be treated as Prisoners of War; from whence it is concluded, that his most Christian Majesty will shortly declare against the Dutch.

This Day a new Song (set to Musick by Mr. Howard) will be sung at Rockholt House by the Two Miss Scotts. Hummerton and Temple-Mills Turnpikes will be Toll-free.

Last Saturday the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor held the Second General Seal at Lincoln's Inn Hall, after Trinity Term; when a new Commission of the Peace passed the Great Seal for the County of York.

The same Day a Grant passed the Great Seal unto Charles Neville, of Little Gomersby in the County of Lincoln, of a Limelucke and Manure for Cockles, Oysters, and other Sea Shells.

Likewise a Presentation passed the Great Seal to enable the Rev. Mr. Theophilus Barbault to hold the Rectory of St. Vedast, alias Foster, in the City of London, with the Chapel of St. Michael Quern in the Deanery of the Arches, in the said City, in the peculiar Jurisdiction of Canterbury, to which he was presented by his Majesty.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Christopher Rigby, Esq; to be one of the Commissioners of the Land Tax, in the Room of Thomas Medlicot, Esq; who lately resigned.

Last Saturday died, at his House in Mark-Lane, Mr. Knop, an eminent Wine Merchant.

Cumberland, in Port Royal Harbour, Jamaica, April 31,

1744.

On the 23d past, the Rippon arrived from Cruizing in the Windward Passage and brought in with her a Spanish Man of War of 18 Guns and eight Swivels, and 140 Men, being taken under the Island of Tortuga. She has on board 1200 Chests of Quicksilver, and a great Quantity of other rich Merchandise; is called the *Conde de Chinchon*, and was bound to Vera Cruz. She is a Ship of about three or four Years old, and reckoned a prime Sailor, is exceedingly well fitted, and used to sail with 24 Guns, but this Time with less, on account of her Merchandise. On the 29th arrived Captain Powell in the Bideford, with four Vessels and a Naval Store Ship from Antigua; one Victualler of his Convoy came in two Days before, and one is still missing, called the *Atlas*, Maurice Cole, Master; she happened to be the Leewardmost Ship when they fell in with the French Squadron in the Channel, and 'tis hoped, upon separating from her Convoy, that she made for some Port in England or Ireland.

The following Account of his Majesty's Ship *Astrea* being burnt at Piscawaway, has been received here from Capt. Swanton her Commander.

New Hampshire, Portsmouth, January 20, 1743.

Tuesday the 17th Instant, about Two in the Morning, a Fire broke out in the Fore-Hold, and instantly the Beams under the Fore-Castle were in a Blaze. We laboured hard, and once thought we had got the better of it; but the Water a-long-tide was no sooner in the Buckets but it became Ice, so that it scarce deliver'd a Quart; by which Means the Fire broke out again with great Violence, and rendered all our Endeavours to extinguish it vain, for, in a few Hours, she was burnt down to the Water Edge. Most of the Officers Stores were a-shore, the Powder in the publick Magazines, and, as all the Guns fell into the Wreck, I shall have no great Difficulty in recovering them.

Cumberland, in Port Royal Harbour, Jamaica, May 8,

1744.

His Majesty's Ship Montague arrived the 3d Instant from her Cruize off of the Tertuda Bank, near the Gulph of Florida, and brought in with her a Spanish Brigantine of 10 Gun, and as many Swivels, and 24 Men, commanded by a Lieutenant of a Man of War; and which served, at that Time, as a Tender to Admiral de Torres. Capt. Chambers, who commanded the Montague, says, that the Morning before he took this Tender, being the 3d of April, he fell in with the Spanish Squadron, consisting of nine large Ships of the Line, a Frigate of 20 Guns, and this Brigantine; about Five in the Morning, in the Latitude of 24, bearing W. and by N. ten Leagues from the Tertuda Bank; that they were about four Leagues to Windward of him when he first saw them; that his Ship being clean, he made Sail to Windward, in Chase after them all that Day and Night, in Hopes one or other of them might have fallen to Leeward; and the next Morning he picked up this Tender, in Sight of five large Ships, about four Leagues Windward; not one of which attempted to bear down upon him.

Dover, June 26. This Morning arrived one of the Packet Boats from Ostend, with the Flanders Mail of Sunday last; the Mate whereof reports, that he left Ostend at Seven o'Clock on Sunday Night; at which Time the French Batteries first began to fire very furiously upon Furnes for about an Hour, when the firing ceased; which was occasioned, as he supposed, by a Tempest of Wind and Rain which the said Mate saw fall about Furnes. By a Deserter who left the French Army on Friday last, we hear, that great Part of their Troops were encamped between Furnes and Nieuport.

Dover, June 27. The Mate of the Packet Boat which came last Night from Calais, says, that the French King came from St. Omer to Calais on Saturday last, and staid there till Monday Afternoon, and then went for Bo'ogne; and returned last Night to Calais, and goes this Day for Dunkirk.

Last Saturday Twelve Persons were tried at the Old Bailey, Two of whom were capitally Convicted; viz.

William Cox and Sarah Cox, for a Street Robbery.

Lydia Adler was tried for the Murder of her Husband, and found Guilty of Manslaughter.

Christian Squire was tried for a Misdemeanour, in fraudulently taking out Letters of Administration, as next of Kin to Stephen Newing, late a Mariner on board his Majesty's Ship the *Burford*, and killed at La Guerra, there, by receiving the Wages due to him, and found Guilty.

Two were cast for Transportation. And Six Acquitted.

The four Persons capitally Convicted received Sentence of Death; and the Court adjourn'd to Monday Morning Eight o'Clock.

Six were Branded, and Five order'd to be Whipp'd.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge. £ 04 29	£ 04 47	

Bank Stock, 144. Indis, 179. South Sea, 108. Old Annuity, 111 1-8th to 1-4th. New ditto, 111 1-4th to 3-8ths. Three per Cent. 93. Ditto 1743. 91 3-4ths. Ditto 1744. 91 1-half. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, Nothing done. London Assurance, Nothing done. India Bonds 2 1. 5 3. Prem. Bank Circulation, 5 L. 2 s. 6 d. Prem. S't Tally. Nothing done. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, 90. Million Bank, 115. Equivalent, 110. Tickets, 16 L. 18 s. 6 d.

JOHN BRISCOE, Jeweller and Goldsmith,

R Emoved from the Corner of Friday-Street to the Three King's and Golden Ball, late Mr. Barrett's, in Cheapside, nearer St. Paul's, continues, as formerly, to carry on, solely and separately, the Business of Buying and Selling all Sorts of Second-hand Plate and Watches; having now great Variety of the same, with many other curious Things, at very reasonable Rates. Also all Kinds of New Plate, made by the best Workmen, in the most elegant Taste, and neatly Finisht; of which he has great Choice.

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TO be peremptorily Sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Robert Hould, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn, Chancery-lane, on Monday the 2d Day of July next, between Four and Six in the Afternoon, the several Manors or Lordships of Soberton, Raft Hoe, and Faulkner's Pile, and other the Estates late of Thomas Lewis, Esq; deceased, in the several Parishes of Soberton, Duxford, Meon, Stoke, Stoke Hambleton, Bishop Waltham, and Alverstoke, and elsewhere, in the County of Southampton; the whole being a beautiful and improvable Estate, and now Lett at a very reasonable Rent to the several Tenants, who pay all Repairs and Out-goings, and half the Land Tax; and situate in a fine pleasant Country, about ten Miles from Portsmouth, Southampton, and Winchester; with many large and extensive Royalties and Jurisdictions, as well as advantageous Privileges belonging to the same, together with a Capital Mansion-House, being large and convenient for a numerous Family; with large and convenient Offices, Stables, Coach-Houses, and Gardens, all in very good Repair. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

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Non enim qui accusatur, sed qui concurrit reus est.

Cap. Car. Mag. I. 7. cap. 186.

Satis est impunitum celiqui farinus vocantis, quam innocentem damnum.

Cod. I. 5. de Penit.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is Published,

The FOURTH EDITION, To which is now added, some Account of the LIFE and WRITINGS of the Author of DR. FREIND'S HISTORY of PHYSICK; from the Time of Galen, to the Beginning of the Sixteenth Century: Chiefly with Regard to Physick Printed for J. Walbore, over against the Royal Exchange in Cornhill.

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VI. R. WELSTED, M. D. de Medicina Mentali.

On Saturday last was Published, With H I S M A J E S T Y's Royal Privilege and Licence, NUMBER XIX. to be continued (Price Sixpence)

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